



UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report

Executive Summary

This report summarizes the one-year retention of 1,544 students in the University of South Alabama (USA) 2020 first-time full-time baccalaureate degree-seeking freshman cohort. The one-year retention rate for the 2020 freshman cohort was 71%.

Based on what we know about a student before the student begins their first semester at USA, African-American or first generation students or students with a lower high school GPA or lower ACT Composite score were less likely to return and may require additional resources and monitoring to enable and/or encourage them to persist towards successfully completing a degree at USA. USA Day results illustrated the importance of a prospective student coming to campus prior to enrolling. Additional efforts to invite and draw prospective students to campus are important not just for recruitment but also for longer-term retention and persistence at the institution. In addition, similar to previous studies, students attending the earlier freshman summer orientation sessions were more likely to return than students attending the later orientation sessions suggesting the orientation session attended could provide another key factor for identifying at-risk freshmen students early on in their college experience.

The importance of financial support in the form of freshman scholarships and the importance of the student renewing the scholarship for a second year was evident. Additional USA freshman scholarships should be considered to continue to attract top students to attend USA along with support structures for freshman scholarship recipients struggling academically during their first year of study at USA.

Financial aid related comparisons showed a relationship between the financial resources of the student and/or the student's family and retention. Students who received a Pell Grant, Subsidized Stafford Loan, or a NACAC fee waiver for ACT or SAT test-taking purposes returned at a lower rate than the overall cohort. To address this disparity, need-based grants could be utilized to assist students in greater need of financial support to encourage them to return to and persist towards completing a degree at USA.

Students who lived on-campus, participated in a learning community, or participated in Greek life at USA were more likely to return to USA. This emphasizes the importance that during their first year students interact with other students as part of their living and/or curricular settings and become involved in student organizations at USA that allow them to connect with students with similar interests outside of the classroom as well.

Results also showed students who received an at-risk midterm grade (D, F, or U) in the Fall 2020 semester in four or more courses for lack of attendance and/or poor academic performance and students who were placed on probation after the Fall 2020 semester ended were unlikely to return to USA one year later. These findings highlight the importance of intervening prior to the end of the fall semester with students who receive an at-risk midterm grade to help prevent these students from subsequently receiving a low USA GPA and being placed on probation after the fall semester concludes.

Overview

The following report provides a detailed analysis about the one-year retention of the 1,544 first-time full-time baccalaureate degree-seeking freshmen students in the University of South Alabama (USA) 2020 freshman cohort. Retention in the context of this report is defined as whether freshmen students returned and enrolled one year later in the Fall 2021 semester. Similar to reports written by Institutional Research, the input-environment-outcome (IEO) model developed by Alexander W. Astin¹ was used as a conceptual framework to guide this analysis.

Cross tabular results for each variable and whether the student returned are reported. Comparisons for each subgroup are made to the overall retention rate of the cohort (71%). Significant mean differences for the input, environmental, and outcome variables are also indicated.

Cross Tabular Results

Cross tabular results for each variable and whether the student returned are summarized in the following section. Comparisons are made for each subgroup of the variable to the one-year retention rate (71%) of the 1,544 freshmen in the cohort. These comparisons illustrate which subgroups of students returned at higher, similar, or lower rates than the overall cohort retention rate of 71%. In addition, significant mean differences for the input, environmental, and the outcome variables known midway through or after the end of the Fall 2020 semester and after the end of the Summer 2021 semester are reported.

Input Variable Cross Tabular Results

For the input variables included in this analysis (see Table 1), female students (73%) returned at a higher rate than male students (68%). In terms of race/ethnicity, Hispanic (70%), multiracial (68%), African-American (64%), and Non-Resident Alien (62%) students returned at a lower rate than the cohort retention rate (71%). The mean difference between retention of Asian compared to African-American students was statistically significant (see Appendix: ANOVA Tables).

¹ Astin, A. W. (2002). *Assessment for excellence: The philosophy and practice of assessment and evaluation in higher education*. American Council on Education, Oryx Press.

Table 1: Comparison of Input Variables to 2020 Cohort Retention Rate

Variable	Retention Rate >= 71%	Count	Retention Rate < 71%	Count
<i>Gender</i>				
	Female (73%)	964	Male (68%)	580
<i>*Race/Ethnicity</i>				
	*Asian (82%)	65	Hispanic (70%)	74
	Other (74%)	101	Multiracial (68%)	74
	White (72%)	922	African-American (64%)	295
			Non-Resident Alien (62%)	13
<i>Age</i>				
	17 years old or younger (73%)	64	19 years old (67%)	121
	18 years old (72%)	1,329	20 years old or older (53%)	30
<i>Region</i>				
	Rest of United States (73%)	190	Mobile or Baldwin County (70%)	644
	Mississippi service area (73%)	132	Florida service area (67%)	95
	Rest of Alabama (72%)	470	International (62%)	13
<i>*First Generation</i>				
	Unknown (79%)	192	*Yes (64%)	331
	No (72%)	1,021		
<i>*High School GPA</i>				
	*3.51 or higher (78%)	1,029	3.01-3.5 (60%)	358
			3.0 Or lower (49%)	148
<i>*ACT Composite Score</i>				
	30 or higher (87%)	165	20-21 (69%)	234
	28-29 (81%)	108	*19 or lower (59%)	284
	26-27 (78%)	137		
	22-23 (76%)	230		
	24-25 (74%)	222		
Note: *Significant mean difference at .05 p level based on Independent T-Test for two group comparisons or at least one group with significant mean difference at .05 p level based on the Games-Howell or Tukey HSD procedure for multiple group comparisons. Significantly different group indicated by orange fill color. Comparison group indicated by "*" and gray fill color.				

Retention comparisons based on age showed students 18 years old or younger returned at a higher rate (at least 72%) than the cohort retention rate (71%). Comparisons based on the region the student came from showed students from the local area of Mobile or Baldwin County (70%), Florida service area (67%), and international (62%) students returned at a lower rate than the overall cohort (71%).

The retention rate of students who indicated they were a first generation student (64%) on the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) application was lower than the overall cohort (71%). The mean difference between students who indicated they were first generation students compared to the other two comparison groups (did not indicate they were a first generation student or students with an unknown first generation status) was statistically significant (see Appendix: ANOVA Tables).

As high school GPA decreased, retention also decreased. Students who had a high school GPA ranging between 3.01-3.5 or lower (at most 60%) returned at a lower rate than the overall cohort (71%). The mean difference between retention of students with a high school GPA of 3.51 or higher in comparison to both of the lower high school GPA groups was statistically significant (see Appendix: ANOVA Tables).

Students with an ACT Composite score of 20-21 or lower returned at a lower rate (at most 69%) than the cohort retention rate (71%). The mean difference between retention of students with an ACT Composite score of 19 or lower compared to the five higher ACT Composite score comparison groups (22-23 or higher) was statistically significant (see Appendix: ANOVA Tables).

Environmental Variable Cross Tabular Results

For the environmental variables included in this analysis, USA Day attendance results (see Table 2) showed students who attended one USA Day (79%) returned at a higher rate than the overall cohort (71%). The mean difference between retention of students who attended one USA Day compared to students who did not attend a USA Day was statistically significant (see Appendix: ANOVA Tables). In addition, retention comparisons based on the college housing the major the student initially selected showed Education (70%), Arts and Sciences (68%), and Business (63%) students returned at a lower rate than the overall cohort (71%).

Table 2: Comparison of Environmental Variables to 2020 Cohort Retention Rate

Variable	Retention Rate >= 71%	Count	Retention Rate < 71%	Count
<i>*USA Day Attendance</i>				
	<i>*Attended 1 USA Day (79%)</i>	302	Did Not Attend (69%)	1,237
			Attended Multiple USA Days (60%)	5
<i>*Orientation Session</i>				
	<i>*Freshman Session 1 (87%)</i>	167	Freshman Session 6 (66%)	151
	Freshman Session 2 (82%)	182	Freshman Session 7 (62%)	154
	Freshman Session 5 (80%)	157	Freshman Session 9 (61%)	79
	Freshman Session 3 (78%)	180	Freshman Session 8 (56%)	114
	May Freshman Orientation (78%)	23	Freshman Session 10 (48%)	99
	Freshman Session 4 (76%)	174	August/Other Orientation (45%)	64
<i>College</i>				
	Computing (82%)	56	Education (70%)	170
	Allied Health (76%)	221	Arts and Sciences (68%)	476
	Nursing (73%)	300	Business (63%)	134
	Engineering (71%)	187		
<i>*USA Freshman Scholarship</i>				
	<i>*Yes (77%)</i>	1,016	No (59%)	528
<i>*USA Freshman Scholarship and Residency</i>				
	In-State Talent/Ability Scholarship (80%)	128	*No Scholarship (59%)	528
	In-State Service Area Scholarship (79%)	149		
	Other Residency for Scholarship (76%)	739		
<i>*USA Freshman Scholarship Second Year Renewal</i>				
	<i>*Renewed Scholarship (100%)</i>	642	No (59%)	528
			Scholarship Not Renewed (38%)	374
<i>*Pell Grant</i>				
	No (74%)	970	*Yes (65%)	574
<i>*Subsidized Stafford Loan</i>				
	No (74%)	976	*Yes (65%)	568
<i>*Test Fee Waiver</i>				
	No (73%)	1,371	*Yes (55%)	173
<i>*Housing</i>				
	<i>*On-campus (75%)</i>	882	Off-campus (66%)	662
<i>*Learning Community</i>				
	<i>*Yes (73%)</i>	1,201	No (65%)	343
<i>First Year Experience Course</i>				
	No (74%)	455	Yes (70%)	1,089
<i>*Greek Life Participation</i>				
	<i>*Yes (91%)</i>	174	No (68%)	1,370
Note: *Significant mean difference at .05 p level based on Independent T-Test for two group comparisons or at least one group with significant mean difference at .05 p level based on Games-Howell procedure for multiple group comparisons. Significantly different group indicated by orange fill color. Comparison group indicated by "*" and gray fill color.				

In terms of the orientation session attended, the retention rate of students who attended the May freshman orientation session or one of the first five freshman summer orientation sessions was at least 76%. Retention rates based on the orientation session the student attended ranged from a high of 87% for students who attended the Freshman Session 1 orientation session to a low of 45% for students who attended the August orientation, some other or unknown orientation, or did not attend an orientation session. When using the Freshman Session 1 orientation session as a comparison group, there was a significant mean difference between students who attended Freshman Session 1 in comparison to students who attended one of the last five freshman orientation sessions (Freshman Session 6-Freshman Session 10), the August orientation session, some other orientation session, or did not attend an orientation session (see Appendix: ANOVA Tables).

Retention comparisons illustrated retention was higher for students who initially received a USA freshman scholarship and one year later renewed this scholarship. Students receiving a USA freshman scholarship (77%) returned at a higher rate than the cohort retention rate (71%). A more detailed look at the residency of freshman scholarship recipients showed out-of-state students who qualified for an in-state freshman scholarship based on a talent or ability (80%) and students from the service area in Mississippi or Florida (79%) returned at a higher rate than all other² freshman scholarship recipients (76%). The mean difference between students who did not receive a USA freshman scholarship compared to the entire USA freshman scholarship group (see Appendix: Independent T-Test Tables) and compared to the three scholarship recipient residency groups was statistically significant (see Appendix: ANOVA Tables).

In addition, all students who renewed their freshman scholarship for a second year returned, but only 38% of students who did not renew their freshman scholarship returned. The mean difference between retention of students who renewed their freshman scholarship for a second year and students who did not renew their freshman scholarship or students who did not receive a freshman scholarship was statistically significant (see Appendix: ANOVA Tables).

Financial aid related comparisons showed a relationship between the financial resources of the student and/or the student's family and retention. Students who received a Pell Grant (65%), received a Subsidized Stafford Loan (65%), or received a NACAC fee waiver for ACT or SAT test-taking purposes (55%), due to meeting one of the indicators of economic need, returned at a lower rate than the overall cohort (71%). The mean difference for these three financial aid related comparisons between 1) students who received a Pell Grant compared to students who did not receive a Pell Grant, 2) students who received a Subsidized Stafford Loan compared to students who did not receive a Subsidized Stafford Loan, and 3) students who received a NACAC fee waiver compared to students who did not receive a NACAC fee waiver was statistically significant (see Appendix: Independent T-Test Tables).

Students who lived on-campus (75%) returned at a higher rate than the overall cohort (71%). The mean difference between retention of students who lived on-campus and students who lived off-campus was statistically significant (see Appendix: Independent T-Test Tables).

A First Year Experience (FYE) course is typically one of the courses included in a learning community. Results showed students who participated in a learning community (73%) returned at a higher rate than students who did not participate in a learning community (65%). The mean difference between retention of students who participated in a learning community and students who did not participate in a learning community was statistically significant (see Appendix: Independent T-Test Tables). On the other hand,

² In-state residency status of resident, military, permanent resident, visa, or undeclared or out-of-state residency status of resident, permanent resident, or international.

students who took a FYE course (70%) returned at a lower rate compared to students who did not take a FYE course (74%).

Lastly, students who participated in Greek life (91%) returned at a higher rate than the overall cohort (71%). The mean difference between retention of students who participated in Greek life and students who did not participate in Greek life was statistically significant (see Appendix: Independent T-Test Tables).

Outcome Variable Midway Through or After Fall 2020 Cross Tabular Results

Outcome variables incorporated into this analysis that were known midway through or after Fall 2020 included the number of at-risk midterm grades (D, F, or U) a student had in Fall 2020 and whether the student was placed on probation after Fall 2020 (see Table 3). Students who had two or more at-risk midterm grades returned at a lower rate (at most 60%) than the overall cohort (71%). The mean difference for students who did not have an at-risk midterm grade in Fall 2020 compared to students who had an at-risk midterm grade in one or more courses was statistically significant (see Appendix: ANOVA Tables).

Table 3: Comparison of Outcome Variables Midway Through/After Fall 2020 to 2020 Cohort Retention Rate

Variable	Retention Rate >= 71%	Count	Retention Rate < 71%	Count
<i>*Number of At-Risk Midterm Grades in Fall 2020</i>				
	*No At-Risk MT Grades (85%)	845	2 At-Risk MT Grades (60%)	170
	1 At-Risk MT Grade (71%)	284	3 At-Risk MT Grades (39%)	118
			4 or More At-Risk MT Grades (22%)	127
<i>*Probation Status after Fall 2020</i>				
	No (76%)	1,351	*Yes (37%)	193
Note: *At least one group with significant mean difference at .05 p level based on Games-Howell procedure for multiple group comparisons. Significantly different group indicated by orange fill color. Comparison group indicated by "*" and gray fill color.				

Students who were not on probation after Fall 2020 returned at a much higher rate (76%) compared to students who were placed on probation after the Fall 2020 semester ended (37%). The mean difference between students who were placed on probation and students who were not on probation was statistically significant (see Appendix: Independent T-Test Tables).

Outcome Variable After Summer 2021 Cross Tabular Results

Outcome variables incorporated into this analysis that were known after Summer 2021 included the number of hours earned after Summer 2021 at USA and the USA GPA after Summer 2021 (see Table 4). As the number of USA hours earned increased or the USA GPA increased, the retention rate also increased.

Table 4: Comparison of Outcome Variables After Summer 2021 to 2020 Cohort Retention Rate

Variable	Retention Rate >= 71%	Count	Retention Rate < 71%	Count
<i>*USA Hours Earned after Summer 2021</i>				
	*30.5 or more (95%)	691	18.5-24 (61%)	101
	24.5-30 (84%)	401	12.5-18 (23%)	111
			6.5-12 (9%)	88
			0-6 (5%)	126
<i>*USA GPA after Summer 2021</i>				
	3.51-4.0 (91%)	533	*2.0 or lower (20%)	307
	3.01-3.5 (88%)	299		
	2.51-3.0 (79%)	216		
	2.01-2.5 (71%)	163		
Note: *At least one group with significant mean difference at .05 p level based on Games-Howell procedure for multiple group comparisons. Significantly different group indicated by orange fill color. Comparison group indicated by “*” and gray fill color.				

Students who earned 24.5 to 30 or more hours at USA after Summer 2021 returned at a higher rate (at least 84%) compared to students who earned 18.5 to 24 or fewer hours (at most 61%). The mean difference between students who earned 30.5 or more hours at USA compared to students in all other USA hours earned groups was statistically significant (see Appendix: ANOVA Tables).

Students with a USA GPA of 2.01 to 2.5 or higher after Summer 2021 returned at a much higher rate (at least 71%) compared to students with a USA GPA of 2.0 or lower (20%). Furthermore, the mean difference between students who had a USA GPA of 2.0 or lower compared to students in all other USA GPA groups was statistically significant (see Appendix: ANOVA Tables).

Logistic Regression Results

The focus of this study was to determine which student characteristics (inputs) and environmental characteristics (institutional/other support characteristics) can be used to best predict the retention of USA freshman students. Since the focus of this study was prediction and classification of a dichotomous outcome variable, stepwise logistic regression was used. This technique allows for the identification of significant variables that contribute to the classification of individuals by using an algorithm to determine the importance of predictor variables. Stepwise logistic regression was used to identify significant variables in the model for predicting the outcome variable. Results of the final step for the model are reported including the classification rate for the model. Additionally, an analysis of the proportionate change in odds for significant variables is provided.

As a part of this study, five logistic models were tested. The first model included the input variables. The second model included the input variables and the environmental variables. The third model tested two outcome variables known midway through or after the Fall 2020 semester: 1) the number of at-risk midterm grades a student had in Fall 2020 and 2) whether the student was placed on probation after Fall 2020 to see what happened when these variables were used as predictors of retention. The fourth and fifth models tested a different outcome variable known after the Summer 2021 semester. The fourth model tested the number of USA hours earned after Summer 2021, and the fifth model tested the USA GPA after Summer 2021 to see what happened when these outcomes were used as individual predictors of retention.

The number of students (selected cases) included in each model varied based on what variables were included in the final model because some students in the cohort had missing data, such as a high school GPA and/or an ACT Composite score. Because complete cases were required to compute the results, the final number of students used for each model ranged from a low of 1,375 students for the first and second models to a high of 1,544 students for the third model.

After the initial analysis using case-wise analysis to remove students with the missing data, the statistical results appeared to lose some consistency with results observed in prior cohorts. ACT Composite Scores were unavailable for 164 students. High school GPA was unavailable for nine students. Although in other retention rate studies identified that the ACT score and high school GPA was usually missing only for Non-Resident Aliens (or international students), only 10 students were identified as Non-Resident Alien in the data. Most likely, these students were admitted without an ACT score due to testing accessibility issues during the COVID pandemic. The median value of 3 for the ACT scores (representing composite scores of 22-23) and HS GPA (representing the range of 3.51 or higher) were used as replacement values. Using a mean would have included decimal places within variables that had to be re-categorized into a set of ranges.

Additionally, in evaluating the variables used for high collinearity with the dependent variable or independent variables, it was observed that receiving a USA freshman scholarship was correlated with the ACT composite scores (Pearson's $R = .534$) and high school GPA (Pearson's $R = .525$), potentially violating key assumptions of regression analysis. As receiving a USA freshman scholarship is dependent on the ACT composite score and the high school GPA of the student, the logical connection between the initial award of the scholarship and the ACT score and the high school GPA obtained by the student suggests they should not be used together. Therefore, despite the inclusion of receiving the USA freshman scholarship in earlier studies, only ACT composite score and high school GPA were retained in this study. The correlation between high school GPA and ACT composite score was significant but lower than the relationship between these variables and the USA freshman scholarship (Pearson's $R = .391$).

One final change from prior logistic regression models used to study prior retention cohorts is the method used. Stepwise methods had been used on prior models, but forced entry or the "enter" method was used which retains all variables within the model. Stepwise methods add variables in a forward method including new variables at each iteration until none of the remaining variables increase the significant score statistic per a likelihood ratio statistic. Rather than a final model of predictability, this study is more interested in the variables significance on the retention rate.

Since the focus of the models tested was to predict *returning* students, the outcome was coded with students not returning as a "0" and students *returning* as a "1." This focus meant results would predict the odds of whether the student would *return* one year later.

Model 1: Logistic Regression with Input Variables Only

The first model (see Appendix: Logistic Regression Tables) correctly classified students in this cohort who *returned* 95.1% of the time, but classified students who did not return 14.7% of the time. The overall correct classification rate for the first model was 71.8%. The low accuracy in predictability for non-returning students suggests this model would not be good for identifying students at risk of not returning after their freshman year.

For each variable included in the first model, a comparison group was selected (gender=male, race/ethnicity=White, first generation status=yes, age=17 years or younger, region= Mobile or Baldwin County, high school GPA=3.0 or lower, and ACT Composite score=19 or lower).

In the first model, high school GPA, ACT Composite score, gender, and first generation status were significant. The odds (Exp *B*) of a student *returning* was greater for a student in the two higher high school GPA comparison groups (3.01-3.5=1.495 and 3.51 or higher=2.896) than for a student with a high school GPA of 3.0 or lower. Additionally, the confidence intervals (95%) indicated the odds of a student *returning* was greater for a student with a high school GPA of 3.01 or higher than for a student with a high school GPA of 3.0 or lower.

Based on the ACT Composite score of a student, the odds (Exp *B*) of a student *returning* was greater for a student with in the six higher ACT Composite Score comparison groups (20-21=1.394, 22-23=1.204, 24-25=1.420, 26-27=1.715, 28-29=1.909, and 30 or higher=2.939) than for a student with an ACT composite score of 19 or lower. Additionally the confidence intervals (95%) indicated the odds of a student *graduating* was greater for a student with an ACT Composite score in the three highest score comparison groups (26-27 or higher) than for a student with an ACT Composite score of 19 or lower.

The odds (Exp *B*) of a female student *returning* (1.291) was greater than the male comparison group, and the confidence intervals (95%) also indicated the odds of retaining female students was greater than male students.

First generation status was another significant variable. The odds (Exp *B*) of a student *returning* was greater for a student whose first generation status was not first generation (1.333) or where the status was unknown (2.537). Also, the confidence intervals (95%) also indicated the odds of retaining a student was higher for students who were not first generation or whose status was unknown.

Model 2: Logistic Regression with Input and Environmental Variables

The second model included the input and also the environmental variables. For each environmental variable included in the second model a comparison group was selected (number of USA Days attended=did not attend, orientation session attended=either the August Orientation session, a transfer orientation session, or an unknown orientation session, the college housing the major the student selected at initial enrollment in Fall 2020=Arts and Sciences, whether the student received a Pell Grant=no, whether than the student lived on or off campus=off campus, whether the student participated in a learning community=no, whether the student took a First Year Experience course=no, and whether the student participated in Greek life=no).

The correct classification rate for the second model (see Appendix: Logistic Regression Tables) was 92.0% for *returning* students while the classification rate was 33.5% for those who did not return. The overall correct classification rate for the second model was 75.0%, suggesting that the model correctly identifies those retained, but provides a poor means of identifying students at risk of not returning.

Of the input variables, only high school GPA and first generation status were significant in the second model. In addition, orientation session, housing, participation in FYE course, and Greek life participation were identified as significant environmental variables.

The second model showed the odds (Exp *B*) of a student *returning* was greater for a student in the two higher high school GPA comparison groups (3.01-3.5=1.225 and 3.51 or higher=2.341) than for a student with a high school GPA of 3.0 or lower. Additionally, the confidence intervals (95%) indicated the odds of a student *returning* was greater for a student with a high school GPA of 3.51 or higher than for a student with a high school GPA of 3.0 or lower.

First generation status was another significant variable. The odds (Exp *B*) of a student *returning* was greater for a student whose first generation status was not first generation (1.245) or where the status was unknown (2.429). Also, the confidence intervals (95%) indicated the odds of retaining a student was higher for students whose status was unknown.

The orientation session attended demonstrated significance with the odds (Exp *B*) of a student *returning* was greater for a student who attended an earlier session than either the August session, transfer session, or an unknown orientation session. The odds (Exp *B*) ranged from 1.051 (Freshman Session 10) to 4.728 (Freshman Session 1). The confidence intervals (95%) also indicated the odds of a student *returning* was greater for a student who attended the earliest six orientation sessions (May or Freshman Sessions 1

through 5) than for a student who attended either the August session, transfer session, or an unknown orientation session.

The choice of housing as well as participation in an FYE course and participation in Greek life were significant in the model. Students who selected to live on-campus (Exp $B=1.698$) and participated in Greek life (Exp $B=3.486$) indicated higher odds of *returning* than the comparison groups of those who lived off-campus or chose not to participate in Greek life. The confidence intervals (95%) also indicated the odds of a student *returning* was greater for those who lived on-campus as well as those who elected to participate in Greek life.

Participation in an FYE course, however, suggested opposite of the expected with the odds (Exp B) of *returning* lower for a student who took an FYE course (.597) compared to those who did not (the comparison group). The unexpected outcome may be a result of pandemic-related affects as well as differing policies requiring enrollment in some colleges which may affect the type of students who choose to enroll in an FYE course.

Model 3, Model 4, and Model 5: Logistic Regression Outcome Variable Models

Since outcomes of student success are different from inputs (student characteristics or institutional/other support characteristics), the third, fourth, and fifth models only included outcomes of interest after the Fall 2020 semester had already begun. The third model included outcome variables known midway through or after the Fall 2020 semester ended (number of at-risk midterm grades in Fall 2020 and probation status after Fall 2020). The fourth model (number of hours earned after Summer 2021) and fifth model (USA GPA the student attained after Summer 2021) include a different outcome variable known after the Summer 2021 semester ended. The first and second models can be used based on data known before or at least early on after the student comes to campus. However the third, fourth, and fifth models can only be used after the Fall 2020 semester (third model) or Summer 2021 semester (fourth and fifth models) ended.

Model 3: Logistic Regression with Variables Midway Through or After Fall 2020

The third model (see Appendix: Logistic Regression Tables) consisted of two steps. The correct classification rate for the third model for *returning* students was 91.1% and for students who did not return the correct classification rate was 42.4%. The overall correct classification rate for the third model was 76.9%.

The third model included variables known midway through or after Fall 2020. For each variable included in the third model a comparison group was selected (number of at-risk midterm grades in Fall 2020=four or more at-risk midterm grades and whether the student was placed on probation after Fall 2020=yes).

In the third model, probation status after Fall 2020 and the number of at-risk midterm grades in Fall 2020 were significant (see Appendix: Logistic Regression Tables). The odds (Exp B) of a student *returning* was greater for a student who was not placed on probation after Fall 2020 (1.944) than for a student who was placed on probation after Fall 2020. The confidence intervals (95%) also supported this finding because the odds for a student *returning* was greater for a student who was not on probation after Fall 2020 than a student who was placed on probation after Fall 2020.

When looking at the number of at-risk (D, F, or U) midterm grades in Fall 2020, the odds (Exp B) of a student *returning* was greater for a student who had three or fewer at-risk midterm grades in Fall 2020 (no at-risk midterm grades=14.812, one at-risk midterm grade=7.050, two at-risk midterm grades=4.658, and three at-risk midterm grades=2.097) than for a student who had four or more at-risk midterm grades in Fall 2020. The confidence intervals (95%) also indicated the odds of a student *returning* was greater for a

student with fewer at-risk midterm grades in Fall 2020 than a student who had four or more at-risk midterm grades in Fall 2020.

Model 4: Logistic Regression with USA Hours Earned after Summer 2021

The fourth model included the USA hours earned after the end of the summer 2021 semester. The comparison group selected for the fourth model was zero to six hours earned after the end of the Summer 2021 semester. Since the fourth model only included one variable, the model consisted of one step (see Appendix: Logistic Regression Tables). The correct classification rate for the fourth model for *returning* students was 96.3% and the correct classification rate for students who did not return was 67.4%. The overall correct classification rate for the fourth model was 88.3%.

The fourth model showed the odds (Exp *B*) of a student *returning* was greater for a student with 6.5-12 or more hours earned (6.5-12=2.000, 12.5-18=6.118, 18.5-24=31.795, 24.5-30=101.515, and 30.5 or more=398.788) than for a student with six or fewer hours earned at the end of Summer 2021.

Additionally, the confidence intervals (95%) indicated the odds of a student *returning* was greater for a student in the four higher USA hours earned comparison groups than for a student with zero to six USA hours earned.

Model 5: Logistic Regression with USA GPA after Summer 2021

The fifth model included the USA GPA after the end of the Summer 2021 semester. The comparison group selected for the fifth model was an USA GPA of 2.0 or lower after the end of the Summer 2021 semester (see Appendix: Logistic Regression Tables). The correct classification rate for the fifth model for *returning* students was 94.5% and the correct classification rate for students who did not return was 58.4%. The overall correct classification rate for the fifth model was 84.5%.

The fifth model showed the odds (Exp *B*) of a *returning* student was greater for a student with an USA GPA of 2.01-2.5 or higher (2.01-2.5=9.863, 2.51-3.0=15.214, 3.01-3.5=30.075, and 3.51-4.0=43.583) than for a student with an USA GPA of 2.0 or lower at the end of Summer 2021. In addition, the confidence intervals (95%) indicated the odds of a student *returning* was greater for a student in the four higher USA GPA comparison groups than for a student with a USA GPA of 2.0 or lower.

Peer Comparisons

Finally, to better understand how USA one-year retention rates compared to peer institutions, the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) Data Center was used to compare USA one-year retention rates to the rates of nine peer institutions (see Table 5). One-year retention rate data for the 2014 through 2018 freshman cohorts showed the USA retention rate was lower than most of the peer comparison group over this period of time. The USA one-year retention rate ranged from a low of 73% for the 2014 and 2015 freshman cohorts to a high of 78% for the 2016 freshman cohort. The one-year retention rate of peer institutions over this same period ranged from a low of 62% for the Wright State University 2018 freshman cohort to a high of 83% for the East Carolina University 2015 and 2016 freshman cohorts.

Table 5: One-Year Retention Rate Peer Comparisons * Ranked by 2018 Cohort Retention Rate * High to Low

Institution Name	2018 Cohort Retention	2017 Cohort Retention	2016 Cohort Retention	2015 Cohort Retention	2014 Cohort Retention
East Carolina University	82	81	83	83	80
Ohio University	82	81	80	82	79
Florida Atlantic University	81	82	79	77	78
University of Nevada-Las Vegas	79	76	74	77	74
University of North Dakota	78	80	81	80	81
University of Missouri-Kansas City	76	73	75	75	75
University of Toledo	76	76	74	74	72
University of South Alabama	74	74	78	73	73
East Tennessee State University	72	73	76	71	71
Wright State University	62	64	65	66	67

Source: National Center for Education Statistics IPEDS Data Center

Implications

Based on what we know about a student before the student steps foot on campus (input variables), one-year retention of students with lower high school GPAs or lower ACT Composite scores is a concern. This prompts further reflection regarding admission standards and the allocation of resources to support at-risk students. In addition, African-American or first generation students may require additional resources and monitoring to enable and/or encourage them to persist towards successfully completing a degree at USA.

When we look at the institutional support and other support provided to a student (environmental variables), students who lived on-campus, participated in a learning community, or participated in Greek life at USA were more likely to return to USA. This emphasizes the importance that during their first year students interact with other students as part of their living and curricular settings and/or become involved in student organizations at USA that allow them to connect with students with similar interests outside of the classroom as well.

The importance of financial support in the form of freshman scholarships and the importance of the student renewing the scholarship for a second year was evident. Additional USA freshman scholarships should be considered to continue to attract top students to attend USA along with support structures for freshman scholarship recipients struggling academically during their first year of study at USA.

Financial aid related comparisons showed a relationship between the financial resources of the student and/or the student's family and retention. Students who received a Pell Grant, Subsidized Stafford Loan, or a NACAC fee waiver for ACT or SAT test-taking purposes returned at a lower rate than the overall cohort. To address this disparity, need-based grants could be utilized to assist students in greater need of financial support to encourage them to return to and persist towards completing a degree at USA.

Recruitment activities in advance of the student enrolling at USA such as attending one USA Day may demonstrate a longer-term commitment of a student to persist towards completing a degree at USA. The USA Day results illustrated the importance of a prospective student coming to campus prior to enrolling. Additional efforts to invite and draw prospective students to campus are important for not just recruitment but also for longer-term retention and persistence at the institution. In addition, similar to previous studies, students attending the earlier freshman summer orientation sessions were more likely to return than students attending the later orientation sessions suggesting the orientation session attended could provide another key factor for identifying at-risk freshmen students early on in their college experience.

Finally, results showed students who received four or more at-risk midterm grades (D, F, or U) in the Fall 2020 semester for lack of attendance and/or poor academic performance and students who were placed on probation after the Fall 2020 semester ended were unlikely to return to USA one year later. These findings highlight the importance of intervening prior to the end of the fall semester with students who receive an at-risk midterm grade to help prevent these students from subsequently receiving a low USA GPA and being placed on probation after the fall semester concludes.

Future Retention Research

This report is the first of two one-year retention studies about the 2020 freshman cohort that will be completed by the Office of Institutional Research during the Fall 2021 semester. The second retention study will use National Student Clearinghouse data to explore the issue of “Where did non-returning freshmen in the 2020 cohort go?” This study will determine how many non-returning freshmen students transferred to another college or university or “stopped out” of college altogether.

APPENDIX

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report Cross Tabs

2020 Cohort * Gender * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Gender	Female	Count	263	701	964
		% within Gender	27.3%	72.7%	100.0%
	Male	Count	185	395	580
		% within Gender	31.9%	68.1%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within Gender		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Cohort * Race * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total	
			No	Yes		
Race	White	Count	254	668	922	
		% within Race	27.55%	72.45%	100.0%	
	African-American	Count	105	190	295	
		% within Race	35.6%	64.4%	100.0%	
	Asian	Count	12	53	65	
		% within Race	18.46%	81.54%	100.0%	
	Hispanic	Count	22	52	74	
		% within Race	29.7%	70.3%	100.0%	
	Multiracial	Count	24	50	74	
		% within Race	32.4%	67.6%	100.0%	
	Non-Resident Alien	Count	5	8	13	
		% within Race	38.46%	61.54%	100.0%	
	Other	Count	26	75	101	
		% within Race	25.7%	74.3%	100.0%	
	Total	Count		448	1096	1544
		% within Race		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Cohort * Under Represented Minority * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Under Represented Minority	Non URM/Unknown	Count	319	844	1163
		% within Under Represented Minority	27.4%	72.6%	100.0%
	Under Represented Minority	Count	129	252	381
		% within Under Represented Minority	33.9%	66.1%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within Under Represented Minority		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report Cross Tabs

2020 Cohort * Age * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Age	17 years or younger	Count	17	47	64
		% within Age	26.6%	73.4%	100.0%
	18 years old	Count	377	952	1329
		% within Age	28.4%	71.6%	100.0%
	19 years old	Count	40	81	121
		% within Age	33.1%	66.9%	100.0%
	20 years or older	Count	14	16	30
		% within Age	46.7%	53.3%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within Age		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Cohort * Region * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Region	Mobile or Baldwin County	Count	193	451	644
		% within Region	30.0%	70.0%	100.0%
	Rest of Alabama	Count	131	339	470
		% within Region	27.9%	72.1%	100.0%
	Mississippi Service Area	Count	36	96	132
		% within Region	27.3%	72.7%	100.0%
	Florida Service Area	Count	31	64	95
		% within Region	32.6%	67.4%	100.0%
	Rest of United States	Count	52	138	190
		% within Region	27.4%	72.6%	100.0%
	International	Count	5	8	13
		% within Region	38.46%	61.54%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within Region		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Cohort * First Generation * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
First Generation	No	Count	288	733	1021
		% within First Generation	28.2%	71.8%	100.0%
	Yes	Count	120	211	331
		% within First Generation	36.3%	63.7%	100.0%
	Unknown	Count	40	152	192
		% within First Generation	20.8%	79.2%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within First Generation		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report Cross Tabs

2020 Cohort * High School GPA * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
High School GPA	3.0 or lower	Count	75	73	148
		% within High School GPA	50.7%	49.3%	100.0%
	3.01-3.5	Count	144	214	358
		% within High School GPA	40.2%	59.8%	100.0%
	3.51 or higher	Count	224	805	1029
		% within High School GPA	21.8%	78.2%	100.0%
Total	Count	443	1092	1535	
	% within High School GPA	28.9%	71.1%	100.0%	

2020 Cohort * ACT * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
ACT	19 or lower	Count	116	168	284
		% within ACT	40.8%	59.2%	100.0%
	20-21	Count	73	161	234
		% within ACT	31.2%	68.8%	100.0%
	22-23	Count	55	175	230
		% within ACT	23.9%	76.1%	100.0%
	24-25	Count	58	164	222
		% within ACT	26.1%	73.9%	100.0%
	26-27	Count	30	107	137
		% within ACT	21.9%	78.1%	100.0%
	28-29	Count	21	87	108
		% within ACT	19.4%	80.6%	100.0%
	30 or higher	Count	22	143	165
		% within ACT	13.3%	86.7%	100.0%
	Total	Count	375	1005	1380
		% within ACT	27.2%	72.8%	100.0%

2020 Cohort * Number USA Days Attended * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Number USA Days Attended	Did Not Attend	Count	382	855	1237
		% within Number USA Days Attended	30.9%	69.1%	100.0%
	Attended 1 USA Day	Count	64	238	302
		% within Number USA Days Attended	21.2%	78.8%	100.0%
	Attended Multiple USA Days	Count	2	3	5
		% within Number USA Days Attended	40.0%	60.0%	100.0%
Total	Count	448	1096	1544	
	% within Number USA Days Attended	29.0%	71.0%	100.0%	

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report Cross Tabs

2020 Cohort * Orientation * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

		One-Year Retention		Total	
		No	Yes		
Orientation	August/Transfer/Other/Unknown	Count	35	29	64
		% within Orientation	54.7%	45.3%	100.0%
	May Freshman Orientation	Count	5	18	23
		% within Orientation	21.7%	78.3%	100.0%
	Freshman Session 1	Count	22	145	167
		% within Orientation	13.2%	86.8%	100.0%
	Freshman Session 2	Count	33	149	182
		% within Orientation	18.1%	81.9%	100.0%
	Freshman Session 3	Count	39	141	180
		% within Orientation	21.7%	78.3%	100.0%
	Freshman Session 4	Count	41	133	174
		% within Orientation	23.6%	76.4%	100.0%
	Freshman Session 5	Count	31	126	157
		% within Orientation	19.7%	80.3%	100.0%
	Freshman Session 6	Count	52	99	151
		% within Orientation	34.4%	65.6%	100.0%
	Freshman Session 7	Count	58	96	154
		% within Orientation	37.7%	62.3%	100.0%
	Freshman Session 8	Count	50	64	114
		% within Orientation	43.9%	56.1%	100.0%
	Freshman Session 9	Count	31	48	79
		% within Orientation	39.2%	60.8%	100.0%
	Freshman Session 10	Count	51	48	99
		% within Orientation	51.52%	48.48%	100.0%
Total		Count	448	1096	1544
		% within Orientation	29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report Cross Tabs

2020 Cohort * College * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
College	AH	Count	52	169	221
		% within College	23.53%	76.47%	100.0%
	AS	Count	151	325	476
		% within College	31.7%	68.3%	100.0%
	BU	Count	50	84	134
		% within College	37.3%	62.7%	100.0%
	CS	Count	10	46	56
		% within College	17.9%	82.1%	100.0%
	ED	Count	51	119	170
		% within College	30.0%	70.0%	100.0%
	EG	Count	54	133	187
		% within College	28.9%	71.1%	100.0%
	NU	Count	80	220	300
		% within College	26.7%	73.3%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within College		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Cohort * Freshman Scholarship * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Freshman Scholarship	No Freshman Scholarship	Count	216	312	528
		% within Freshman Scholarship	40.9%	59.1%	100.0%
	Received Freshman Scholarship	Count	232	784	1016
		% within Freshman Scholarship	22.8%	77.2%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within Freshman Scholarship		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Cohort * Freshman Scholarship Residency * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Freshman Scholarship Residency	No Freshman Scholarship	Count	216	312	528
		% within Scholarship Residency	40.9%	59.1%	100.0%
	Other Residency for Scholarship	Count	175	564	739
		% within Scholarship Residency	23.7%	76.3%	100.0%
	In-State Service Area	Count	31	118	149
		% within Scholarship Residency	20.8%	79.2%	100.0%
	In-State Talent and Ability	Count	26	102	128
		% within Scholarship Residency	20.3%	79.7%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within Scholarship Residency		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report Cross Tabs

2020 Cohort * Fall 2021 Scholarship Renewal * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Fall 2021 Scholarship Renewal	No Freshman Scholarship	Count	216	312	528
		% within Fall 2021 Scholarship Renewal	40.9%	59.1%	100.0%
	Scholarship Not Renewed	Count	232	142	374
		% within Fall 2021 Scholarship Renewal	62.0%	38.0%	100.0%
	Renewed Scholarship	Count	0	642	642
		% within Fall 2021 Scholarship Renewal	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within Fall 2021 Scholarship Renewal		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Cohort * Pell Grant * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Pell Grant	No	Count	248	722	970
		% within Pell Grant	25.6%	74.4%	100.0%
	Yes	Count	200	374	574
		% within Pell Grant	34.8%	65.2%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within Pell Grant		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Cohort * Subsidized Stafford Loan * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Subsidized Stafford Loan	No	Count	251	725	976
		% within Subsidized Stafford Loan	25.7%	74.3%	100.0%
	Yes	Count	197	371	568
		% within Subsidized Stafford Loan	34.7%	65.3%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within Subsidized Stafford Loan		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Cohort * Received Test Fee Waiver * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Received Test Fee Waiver	No	Count	370	1001	1371
		% within Received Test Fee Waiver	27.0%	73.0%	100.0%
	Yes	Count	78	95	173
		% within Received Test Fee Waiver	45.1%	54.9%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within Received Test Fee Waiver		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report Cross Tabs

2020 Cohort * Housing * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Housing	Off-Campus	Count	224	438	662
		% within Housing	33.8%	66.2%	100.0%
	On-Campus	Count	224	658	882
		% within Housing	25.4%	74.6%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within Housing		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Cohort * Learning Community * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Learning Community	No	Count	119	224	343
		% within Learning Community	34.7%	65.3%	100.0%
	Yes	Count	329	872	1201
		% within Learning Community	27.4%	72.6%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within Learning Community		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Cohort * Took First Year Experience Course * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Took FYE Course	No	Count	118	337	455
		% within Took FYE Course	25.9%	74.1%	100.0%
	Yes	Count	330	759	1089
		% within Took FYE Course	30.3%	69.7%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within Took FYE Course		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Cohort * Greek Life Participation * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Greek Life Participation	No	Count	432	938	1370
		% within Greek Life Participation	31.53%	68.47%	100.0%
	Yes	Count	16	158	174
		% within Greek Life Participation	9.2%	90.8%	100.0%
Total	Count		448	1096	1544
	% within Greek Life Participation		29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report Cross Tabs

2020 Cohort * Number At Risk Midterm Grades in Fall 2020 * One-Year Retention

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Number At Risk Midterm Grades in Fall 2020	4 or More At Risk MT Grades	Count	99	28	127
		% within Number At Risk Midterm Grades	78.0%	22.0%	100.0%
	3 At Risk MT Grades	Count	72	46	118
		% within Number At Risk Midterm Grades	61.0%	39.0%	100.0%
	2 At Risk MT Grades	Count	68	102	170
		% within Number At Risk Midterm Grades	40.0%	60.0%	100.0%
	1 At Risk MT Grade	Count	81	203	284
		% within Number At Risk Midterm Grades	28.52%	71.48%	100.0%
	No At Risk MT Grades	Count	128	717	845
		% within Number At Risk Midterm Grades	15.1%	84.9%	100.0%
	Total	Count	448	1096	1544
		% within Number At Risk Midterm Grades	29.0%	71.0%	100.0%

2020 Cohort * Probation After Fall 2020 * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
Probation After Fall 2020	No	Count	326	1025	1351
		% within Probation After Fall 2020	24.1%	75.9%	100.0%
	Yes	Count	122	71	193
		% within Probation After Fall 2020	63.2%	36.8%	100.0%
Total	Count	448	1096	1544	
	% within Probation After Fall 2020	29.0%	71.0%	100.0%	

2020 Cohort * USA Hours Earned After Summer 2021 * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
USA Hours Earned After Summer 2021	0-6 hours	Count	120	6	126
		% within USA Hours Earned	95.2%	4.8%	100.0%
	6.5-12 hours	Count	80	8	88
		% within USA Hours Earned	90.9%	9.1%	100.0%
	12.5-18 hours	Count	85	26	111
		% within USA Hours Earned	76.6%	23.4%	100.0%
	18.5-24 hours	Count	39	62	101
		% within USA Hours Earned	38.6%	61.4%	100.0%
	24.5-30 hours	Count	66	335	401
		% within USA Hours Earned	16.46%	83.54%	100.0%
	30.5 or more hours	Count	33	658	691
		% within USA Hours Earned	4.8%	95.2%	100.0%
	Total	Count	423	1095	1518
		% within USA Hours Earned	27.9%	72.1%	100.0%

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report Cross Tabs

2020 Cohort * USA GPA After Summer 2021 * One-Year Retention Crosstabulation

			One-Year Retention		Total
			No	Yes	
USA GPA After Summer 2021	2.0 or lower	Count	247	60	307
		% within USA GPA	80.46%	19.54%	100.0%
	2.01-2.5	Count	48	115	163
		% within USA GPA	29.4%	70.6%	100.0%
	2.51-3.0	Count	46	170	216
		% within USA GPA	21.3%	78.7%	100.0%
	3.01-3.5	Count	36	263	299
		% within USA GPA	12.0%	88.0%	100.0%
	3.51-4.0	Count	46	487	533
		% within USA GPA	8.6%	91.4%	100.0%
	Total	Count	423	1095	1518
		% within USA GPA	27.9%	72.1%	100.0%

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report Independent T-Test Tables

2020 Cohort * Group Statistics

One-Year Retention		N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean
Gender	No	448	0.59	0.493	0.023
	Yes	1096	0.64	0.480	0.015
Freshman Scholarship	No	448	0.52	0.500	0.024
	Yes	1096	0.72	0.451	0.014
Pell Grant	No	448	0.45	0.498	0.024
	Yes	1096	0.34	0.474	0.014
Subsidized Stafford Loan	No	448	0.44	0.497	0.023
	Yes	1096	0.34	0.473	0.014
Received Test Fee Waiver	No	448	0.17	0.380	0.018
	Yes	1096	0.09	0.281	0.009
Housing	No	448	0.50	0.501	0.024
	Yes	1096	0.60	0.490	0.015
Learning Community	No	448	0.73	0.442	0.021
	Yes	1096	0.80	0.403	0.012
Took FYE Course	No	448	0.74	0.441	0.021
	Yes	1096	0.69	0.462	0.014
Greek Life Participation	No	448	0.04	0.186	0.009
	Yes	1096	0.14	0.351	0.011
Probation After Fall 2020	No	448	0.27	0.446	0.021
	Yes	1096	0.06	0.246	0.007

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report Independent T-Test Tables

2020 Cohort * Independent Samples Test

		Equality of Variances		t-test for Equality of Means							
		F	Sig.	t	df	Significance One-Sided p	Significance Two-Sided p	Mean Difference	Std. Error Difference	95% Confidence Lower Upper	
Gender	Equal variances assumed	12.103	0.001	-1.936	1542	0.027	0.053	-0.053	0.027	-0.106	0.001
	Equal variances not assumed			-1.915	811.459	0.028	0.056	-0.053	0.027	-0.106	0.001
Freshman Scholarship	Equal variances assumed	100.134	0.000	-7.555	1542	0.000	0.000	-0.197	0.026	-0.249	-0.146
	Equal variances not assumed			-7.237	759.809	0.000	0.000	-0.197	0.027	-0.251	-0.144
Pell Grant	Equal variances assumed	37.474	0.000	3.898	1542	0.000	0.000	0.105	0.027	0.052	0.158
	Equal variances not assumed			3.820	795.806	0.000	0.000	0.105	0.028	0.051	0.159
Subsidized Stafford Loan	Equal variances assumed	36.333	0.000	3.758	1542	0.000	0.000	0.101	0.027	0.048	0.154
	Equal variances not assumed			3.682	795.523	0.000	0.000	0.101	0.027	0.047	0.155
Received Test Fee Waiver	Equal variances assumed	94.542	0.000	4.979	1542	0.000	0.000	0.087	0.018	0.053	0.122
	Equal variances not assumed			4.405	656.954	0.000	0.000	0.087	0.020	0.048	0.126
Housing	Equal variances assumed	18.785	0.000	-3.630	1542	0.000	0.000	-0.100	0.028	-0.155	-0.046
	Equal variances not assumed			-3.597	814.799	0.000	0.000	-0.100	0.028	-0.155	-0.046
Learning Community	Equal variances assumed	25.358	0.000	-2.632	1542	0.004	0.009	-0.061	0.023	-0.107	-0.016
	Equal variances not assumed			-2.532	766.737	0.006	0.012	-0.061	0.024	-0.109	-0.014
Took FYE Course	Equal variances assumed	12.987	0.000	1.725	1542	0.042	0.085	0.044	0.026	-0.006	0.094
	Equal variances not assumed			1.759	866.278	0.039	0.079	0.044	0.025	-0.005	0.093
Greek Life Participation	Equal variances assumed	189.700	0.000	-6.187	1542	0.000	0.000	-0.108	0.018	-0.143	-0.074
	Equal variances not assumed			-7.873	1447.059	0.000	0.000	-0.108	0.014	-0.135	-0.081
Probation After Fall 2020	Equal variances assumed	540.280	0.000	11.667	1542	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.018	0.173	0.242
	Equal variances not assumed			9.294	561.965	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.022	0.164	0.251

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report ANOVA Tables

2020 Cohort * Race * Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: One-Year Retention

Games-Howell

(I) Race		Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
					Bound	Bound
White	African-American	0.080	0.032	0.145	-0.01	0.17
	Asian	-0.091	0.051	0.557	-0.24	0.06
	Hispanic	0.022	0.055	1.000	-0.15	0.19
	Multiracial	0.049	0.057	0.977	-0.12	0.22
	Non-Resident Alien	0.109	0.141	0.984	-0.38	0.60
	Other	-0.018	0.046	1.000	-0.16	0.12
African-American	White	-0.080	0.032	0.145	-0.17	0.01
	Asian	-.171*	0.056	0.043	-0.34	0.00
	Hispanic	-0.059	0.060	0.959	-0.24	0.12
	Multiracial	-0.032	0.061	0.999	-0.22	0.15
	Non-Resident Alien	0.029	0.143	1.000	-0.47	0.52
	Other	-0.099	0.052	0.484	-0.25	0.06
Asian	White	0.091	0.051	0.557	-0.06	0.24
	African-American	.171*	0.056	0.043	0.00	0.34
	Hispanic	0.113	0.072	0.707	-0.10	0.33
	Multiracial	0.140	0.073	0.478	-0.08	0.36
	Non-Resident Alien	0.200	0.149	0.820	-0.30	0.70
	Other	0.073	0.065	0.923	-0.12	0.27
Hispanic	White	-0.022	0.055	1.000	-0.19	0.15
	African-American	0.059	0.060	0.959	-0.12	0.24
	Asian	-0.113	0.072	0.707	-0.33	0.10
	Multiracial	0.027	0.077	1.000	-0.20	0.26
	Non-Resident Alien	0.087	0.150	0.997	-0.42	0.59
	Other	-0.040	0.069	0.997	-0.25	0.17
Multiracial	White	-0.049	0.057	0.977	-0.22	0.12
	African-American	0.032	0.061	0.999	-0.15	0.22
	Asian	-0.140	0.073	0.478	-0.36	0.08
	Hispanic	-0.027	0.077	1.000	-0.26	0.20
	Non-Resident Alien	0.060	0.151	1.000	-0.45	0.57
	Other	-0.067	0.070	0.963	-0.28	0.14
Non-Resident Alien	White	-0.109	0.141	0.984	-0.60	0.38
	African-American	-0.029	0.143	1.000	-0.52	0.47
	Asian	-0.200	0.149	0.820	-0.70	0.30
	Hispanic	-0.087	0.150	0.997	-0.59	0.42
	Multiracial	-0.060	0.151	1.000	-0.57	0.45
	Other	-0.127	0.147	0.973	-0.63	0.37
Other	White	0.018	0.046	1.000	-0.12	0.16
	African-American	0.099	0.052	0.484	-0.06	0.25
	Asian	-0.073	0.065	0.923	-0.27	0.12
	Hispanic	0.040	0.069	0.997	-0.17	0.25
	Multiracial	0.067	0.070	0.963	-0.14	0.28
	Non-Resident Alien	0.127	0.147	0.973	-0.37	0.63

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report ANOVA Tables

2020 Cohort * Age * Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: One-Year Retention

Games-Howell

(I) Age		Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
					Bound	Bound
17 years or younger	18 years old	0.018	0.057	0.989	-0.13	0.17
	19 years old	0.065	0.070	0.792	-0.12	0.25
	20 years or older	0.201	0.108	0.258	-0.09	0.49
18 years old	17 years or younger	-0.018	0.057	0.989	-0.17	0.13
	19 years old	0.047	0.045	0.721	-0.07	0.16
	20 years or older	0.183	0.093	0.226	-0.07	0.44
19 years old	17 years or younger	-0.065	0.070	0.792	-0.25	0.12
	18 years old	-0.047	0.045	0.721	-0.16	0.07
	20 years or older	0.136	0.102	0.548	-0.14	0.41
20 years or older	17 years or younger	-0.201	0.108	0.258	-0.49	0.09
	18 years old	-0.183	0.093	0.226	-0.44	0.07
	19 years old	-0.136	0.102	0.548	-0.41	0.14

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report ANOVA Tables

2020 Cohort * Region * Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: One-Year Retention

Tukey HSD

(I) Region		Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
					Bound	Bound
Mobile or Baldwin County	Rest of Alabama	-0.021	0.028	0.974	-0.10	0.06
	Mississippi Service Area	-0.027	0.043	0.990	-0.15	0.10
	Florida Service Area	0.027	0.050	0.995	-0.12	0.17
	Rest of United States	-0.026	0.038	0.983	-0.13	0.08
	International	0.085	0.127	0.985	-0.28	0.45
Rest of Alabama	Mobile or Baldwin County	0.021	0.028	0.974	-0.06	0.10
	Mississippi Service Area	-0.006	0.045	1.000	-0.13	0.12
	Florida Service Area	0.048	0.051	0.939	-0.10	0.19
	Rest of United States	-0.005	0.039	1.000	-0.12	0.11
	International	0.106	0.128	0.962	-0.26	0.47
Mississippi Service Area	Mobile or Baldwin County	0.027	0.043	0.990	-0.10	0.15
	Rest of Alabama	0.006	0.045	1.000	-0.12	0.13
	Florida Service Area	0.054	0.061	0.952	-0.12	0.23
	Rest of United States	0.001	0.051	1.000	-0.15	0.15
	International	0.112	0.132	0.959	-0.26	0.49
Florida Service Area	Mobile or Baldwin County	-0.027	0.050	0.995	-0.17	0.12
	Rest of Alabama	-0.048	0.051	0.939	-0.19	0.10
	Mississippi Service Area	-0.054	0.061	0.952	-0.23	0.12
	Rest of United States	-0.053	0.057	0.941	-0.22	0.11
	International	0.058	0.134	0.998	-0.33	0.44
Rest of United States	Mobile or Baldwin County	0.026	0.038	0.983	-0.08	0.13
	Rest of Alabama	0.005	0.039	1.000	-0.11	0.12
	Mississippi Service Area	-0.001	0.051	1.000	-0.15	0.15
	Florida Service Area	0.053	0.057	0.941	-0.11	0.22
	International	0.111	0.130	0.958	-0.26	0.48
International	Mobile or Baldwin County	-0.085	0.127	0.985	-0.45	0.28
	Rest of Alabama	-0.106	0.128	0.962	-0.47	0.26
	Mississippi Service Area	-0.112	0.132	0.959	-0.49	0.26
	Florida Service Area	-0.058	0.134	0.998	-0.44	0.33
	Rest of United States	-0.111	0.130	0.958	-0.48	0.26

2020 Cohort * High School GPA * Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: One-Year Retention

Games-Howell

(I) High School GPA		Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
					Bound	Bound
3.0 or lower	3.01-3.5	-0.105	0.049	0.083	-0.22	0.01
	3.51 or higher	-.289*	0.043	0.000	-0.39	-0.19
3.01-3.5	3.0 or lower	0.105	0.049	0.083	-0.01	0.22
	3.51 or higher	-.185*	0.029	0.000	-0.25	-0.12
3.51 or higher	3.0 or lower	.289*	0.043	0.000	0.19	0.39
	3.01-3.5	.185*	0.029	0.000	0.12	0.25

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report ANOVA Tables

2020 Cohort * ACT Composite * Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: One-Year Retention

Games-Howell

(I) ACT		Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
					Bound	Bound
19 or lower	20-21	-0.096	0.042	0.251	-0.22	0.03
	22-23	-.169*	0.041	0.001	-0.29	-0.05
	24-25	-.147*	0.042	0.008	-0.27	-0.02
	26-27	-.189*	0.046	0.001	-0.33	-0.05
	28-29	-.214*	0.048	0.000	-0.36	-0.07
	30 or higher	-.275*	0.039	0.000	-0.39	-0.16
20-21	19 or lower	0.096	0.042	0.251	-0.03	0.22
	22-23	-0.073	0.041	0.577	-0.20	0.05
	24-25	-0.051	0.042	0.895	-0.18	0.07
	26-27	-0.093	0.047	0.422	-0.23	0.05
	28-29	-0.118	0.049	0.200	-0.26	0.03
	30 or higher	-.179*	0.040	0.000	-0.30	-0.06
22-23	19 or lower	.169*	0.041	0.001	0.05	0.29
	20-21	0.073	0.041	0.577	-0.05	0.20
	24-25	0.022	0.041	0.998	-0.10	0.14
	26-27	-0.020	0.045	0.999	-0.15	0.11
	28-29	-0.045	0.048	0.966	-0.19	0.10
	30 or higher	-0.106	0.039	0.093	-0.22	0.01
24-25	19 or lower	.147*	0.042	0.008	0.02	0.27
	20-21	0.051	0.042	0.895	-0.07	0.18
	22-23	-0.022	0.041	0.998	-0.14	0.10
	26-27	-0.042	0.046	0.970	-0.18	0.09
	28-29	-0.067	0.048	0.811	-0.21	0.08
	30 or higher	-.128*	0.040	0.023	-0.25	-0.01
26-27	19 or lower	.189*	0.046	0.001	0.05	0.33
	20-21	0.093	0.047	0.422	-0.05	0.23
	22-23	0.020	0.045	0.999	-0.11	0.15
	24-25	0.042	0.046	0.970	-0.09	0.18
	28-29	-0.025	0.052	0.999	-0.18	0.13
	30 or higher	-0.086	0.044	0.460	-0.22	0.05
28-29	19 or lower	.214*	0.048	0.000	0.07	0.36
	20-21	0.118	0.049	0.200	-0.03	0.26
	22-23	0.045	0.048	0.966	-0.10	0.19
	24-25	0.067	0.048	0.811	-0.08	0.21
	26-27	0.025	0.052	0.999	-0.13	0.18
	30 or higher	-0.061	0.047	0.846	-0.20	0.08
30 or higher	19 or lower	.275*	0.039	0.000	0.16	0.39
	20-21	.179*	0.040	0.000	0.06	0.30
	22-23	0.106	0.039	0.093	-0.01	0.22
	24-25	.128*	0.040	0.023	0.01	0.25
	26-27	0.086	0.044	0.460	-0.05	0.22
	28-29	0.061	0.047	0.846	-0.08	0.20

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report ANOVA Tables

2020 Cohort * First Generation * Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: One-Year Retention

Games-Howell

(I) First Generation		Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval Bound	
No	Yes	.080*	0.030	0.020	0.01	0.15
	Unknown	-0.074	0.033	0.063	-0.15	0.00
Yes	No	-.080*	0.030	0.020	-0.15	-0.01
	Unknown	-.154*	0.040	0.000	-0.25	-0.06
Unknown	No	0.074	0.033	0.063	0.00	0.15
	Yes	.154*	0.040	0.000	0.06	0.25

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

2020 Cohort * USA Day * Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: One-Year Retention

Games-Howell

(I) Number USA Days Attended		Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval Bound	
Did Not Attend	Attended 1 USA Day	-.097*	0.027	0.001	-0.16	-0.03
	Attended Multiple USA Days	0.091	0.245	0.928	-0.78	0.96
Attended 1 USA Day	Did Not Attend	.097*	0.027	0.001	0.03	0.16
	Attended Multiple USA Days	0.188	0.246	0.742	-0.68	1.06
Attended Multiple USA Days	Did Not Attend	-0.091	0.245	0.928	-0.96	0.78
	Attended 1 USA Day	-0.188	0.246	0.742	-1.06	0.68

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report ANOVA Tables

2020 Cohort * Orientation * Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: One-Year Retention

Games-Howell

(I) Orientation		Mean Difference	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
		(I-J)			Bound	Bound
Freshman Session 1	August/Transfer/Other/Unknown	.415*	0.068	0.000	0.19	0.64
	May Freshman Orientation	0.086	0.092	0.998	-0.24	0.41
	Freshman Session 2	0.050	0.039	0.982	-0.08	0.18
	Freshman Session 3	0.085	0.040	0.624	-0.05	0.22
	Freshman Session 4	0.104	0.042	0.345	-0.03	0.24
	Freshman Session 5	0.066	0.041	0.911	-0.07	0.20
	Freshman Session 6	.213*	0.047	0.001	0.06	0.37
	Freshman Session 7	.245*	0.047	0.000	0.09	0.40
	Freshman Session 8	.307*	0.054	0.000	0.13	0.48
	Freshman Session 9	.261*	0.061	0.002	0.06	0.46
	Freshman Session 10	.383*	0.057	0.000	0.19	0.57
Freshman Session 2	August/Transfer/Other/Unknown	.366*	0.069	0.000	0.13	0.60
	May Freshman Orientation	0.036	0.092	1.000	-0.29	0.37
	Freshman Session 1	-0.050	0.039	0.982	-0.18	0.08
	Freshman Session 3	0.035	0.042	1.000	-0.10	0.17
	Freshman Session 4	0.054	0.043	0.983	-0.09	0.20
	Freshman Session 5	0.016	0.043	1.000	-0.12	0.16
	Freshman Session 6	.163*	0.048	0.038	0.00	0.32
	Freshman Session 7	.195*	0.049	0.004	0.04	0.36
	Freshman Session 8	.257*	0.055	0.000	0.08	0.44
	Freshman Session 9	.211*	0.062	0.042	0.00	0.42
	Freshman Session 10	.334*	0.058	0.000	0.14	0.53

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report ANOVA Tables

2020 Cohort * College * Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: One-Year Retention

Games-Howell

(I) College Logistic		Mean Difference	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
		(I-J)			Bound	Bound
AS	AH	-0.082	0.036	0.248	-0.19	0.02
	BU	0.056	0.047	0.898	-0.08	0.20
	CS	-0.139	0.056	0.181	-0.31	0.03
	ED	-0.017	0.041	1.000	-0.14	0.11
	EG	-0.028	0.039	0.991	-0.15	0.09
	NU	-0.051	0.033	0.734	-0.15	0.05
AH	AS	0.082	0.036	0.248	-0.02	0.19
	BU	0.138	0.051	0.099	-0.01	0.29
	CS	-0.057	0.059	0.961	-0.23	0.12
	ED	0.065	0.045	0.788	-0.07	0.20
	EG	0.053	0.044	0.886	-0.08	0.18
	NU	0.031	0.038	0.983	-0.08	0.14
BU	AS	-0.056	0.047	0.898	-0.20	0.08
	AH	-0.138	0.051	0.099	-0.29	0.01
	CS	-0.195	0.067	0.060	-0.39	0.00
	ED	-0.073	0.055	0.835	-0.24	0.09
	EG	-0.084	0.054	0.697	-0.24	0.07
	NU	-0.106	0.049	0.317	-0.25	0.04
CS	AS	0.139	0.056	0.181	-0.03	0.31
	AH	0.057	0.059	0.961	-0.12	0.23
	BU	0.195	0.067	0.060	0.00	0.39
	ED	0.121	0.063	0.457	-0.07	0.31
	EG	0.110	0.061	0.555	-0.07	0.29
	NU	0.088	0.058	0.727	-0.09	0.26
ED	AS	0.017	0.041	1.000	-0.11	0.14
	AH	-0.065	0.045	0.788	-0.20	0.07
	BU	0.073	0.055	0.835	-0.09	0.24
	CS	-0.121	0.063	0.457	-0.31	0.07
	EG	-0.011	0.048	1.000	-0.15	0.13
	NU	-0.033	0.044	0.988	-0.16	0.10
EG	AS	0.028	0.039	0.991	-0.09	0.15
	AH	-0.053	0.044	0.886	-0.18	0.08
	BU	0.084	0.054	0.697	-0.07	0.24
	CS	-0.110	0.061	0.555	-0.29	0.07
	ED	0.011	0.048	1.000	-0.13	0.15
	NU	-0.022	0.042	0.998	-0.15	0.10
NU	AS	0.051	0.033	0.734	-0.05	0.15
	AH	-0.031	0.038	0.983	-0.14	0.08
	BU	0.106	0.049	0.317	-0.04	0.25
	CS	-0.088	0.058	0.727	-0.26	0.09
	ED	0.033	0.044	0.988	-0.10	0.16
	EG	0.022	0.042	0.998	-0.10	0.15

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report ANOVA Tables

2020 Cohort * Freshman Scholarship Residency * Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: One-Year Retention

Games-Howell

(I) Freshman Scholarship Residency		Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
					Bound	Bound
No Freshman Scholarship	Other Residency for Scholarship	-.172 [*]	0.027	0.000	-0.24	-0.10
	In-State Service Area	-.201 [*]	0.040	0.000	-0.30	-0.10
	In-State Talent and Ability	-.206 [*]	0.042	0.000	-0.31	-0.10
Other Residency for Scholarship	No Freshman Scholarship	.172 [*]	0.027	0.000	0.10	0.24
	In-State Service Area	-0.029	0.037	0.863	-0.12	0.07
	In-State Talent and Ability	-0.034	0.039	0.823	-0.13	0.07
In-State Service Area	No Freshman Scholarship	.201 [*]	0.040	0.000	0.10	0.30
	Other Residency for Scholarship	0.029	0.037	0.863	-0.07	0.12
	In-State Talent and Ability	-0.005	0.049	1.000	-0.13	0.12
In-State Talent and Ability	No Freshman Scholarship	.206 [*]	0.042	0.000	0.10	0.31
	Other Residency for Scholarship	0.034	0.039	0.823	-0.07	0.13
	In-State Service Area	0.005	0.049	1.000	-0.12	0.13

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

2020 Cohort * Renewed Freshman Scholarship * Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: One-Year Retention

Games-Howell

(I) Renewed Freshman Scholarship		Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
					Bound	Bound
No Freshman Scholarship	Scholarship Not Renewed	.211 [*]	0.033	0.000	0.13	0.29
	Renewed Scholarship	-.409 [*]	0.021	0.000	-0.46	-0.36
Scholarship Not Renewed	No Freshman Scholarship	-.211 [*]	0.033	0.000	-0.29	-0.13
	Renewed Scholarship	-.620 [*]	0.025	0.000	-0.68	-0.56
Renewed Scholarship	No Freshman Scholarship	.409 [*]	0.021	0.000	0.36	0.46
	Scholarship Not Renewed	.620 [*]	0.025	0.000	0.56	0.68

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report ANOVA Tables

2020 Cohort * Number of At Risk Midterm Grades * Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: One-Year Retention

Games-Howell

(I) Number At Risk Midterm Grades in Fall 2020		Mean Difference	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
		(I-J)			Bound	Bound
No At Risk MT Grades	1 At Risk MT Grade	.134*	0.030	0.000	0.05	0.21
	2 At Risk MT Grades	.249*	0.040	0.000	0.14	0.36
	3 At Risk MT Grades	.459*	0.047	0.000	0.33	0.59
	4 or More At Risk MT Grades	.628*	0.039	0.000	0.52	0.74
1 At Risk MT Grade	No At Risk MT Grades	-.134*	0.030	0.000	-0.21	-0.05
	2 At Risk MT Grades	0.115	0.046	0.097	-0.01	0.24
	3 At Risk MT Grades	.325*	0.052	0.000	0.18	0.47
	4 or More At Risk MT Grades	.494*	0.046	0.000	0.37	0.62
2 At Risk MT Grades	No At Risk MT Grades	-.249*	0.040	0.000	-0.36	-0.14
	1 At Risk MT Grade	-0.115	0.046	0.097	-0.24	0.01
	3 At Risk MT Grades	.210*	0.059	0.004	0.05	0.37
	4 or More At Risk MT Grades	.380*	0.053	0.000	0.23	0.52
3 At Risk MT Grades	No At Risk MT Grades	-.459*	0.047	0.000	-0.59	-0.33
	1 At Risk MT Grade	-.325*	0.052	0.000	-0.47	-0.18
	2 At Risk MT Grades	-.210*	0.059	0.004	-0.37	-0.05
	4 or More At Risk MT Grades	.169*	0.058	0.032	0.01	0.33
4 or More At Risk MT Grades	No At Risk MT Grades	-.628*	0.039	0.000	-0.74	-0.52
	1 At Risk MT Grade	-.494*	0.046	0.000	-0.62	-0.37
	2 At Risk MT Grades	-.380*	0.053	0.000	-0.52	-0.23
	3 At Risk MT Grades	-.169*	0.058	0.032	-0.33	-0.01

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report ANOVA Tables

2020 Cohort * USA Hours Earned After Summer 2021 * Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: One-Year Retention

Games-Howell

(I) USA Hours Earned After Summer 2021		Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
					Bound	Bound
0-6 hours	6.5-12 hours	-0.043	0.036	0.839	-0.15	0.06
	12.5-18 hours	-.187*	0.045	0.001	-0.32	-0.06
	18.5-24 hours	-.566*	0.052	0.000	-0.72	-0.42
	24.5-30 hours	-.788*	0.027	0.000	-0.86	-0.71
	30.5 or more hours	-.905*	0.021	0.000	-0.96	-0.84
6.5-12 hours	0-6 hours	0.043	0.036	0.839	-0.06	0.15
	12.5-18 hours	-0.143	0.051	0.058	-0.29	0.00
	18.5-24 hours	-.523*	0.058	0.000	-0.69	-0.36
	24.5-30 hours	-.745*	0.036	0.000	-0.85	-0.64
	30.5 or more hours	-.861*	0.032	0.000	-0.95	-0.77
12.5-18 hours	0-6 hours	.187*	0.045	0.001	0.06	0.32
	6.5-12 hours	0.143	0.051	0.058	0.00	0.29
	18.5-24 hours	-.380*	0.063	0.000	-0.56	-0.20
	24.5-30 hours	-.601*	0.044	0.000	-0.73	-0.47
	30.5 or more hours	-.718*	0.041	0.000	-0.84	-0.60
18.5-24 hours	0-6 hours	.566*	0.052	0.000	0.42	0.72
	6.5-12 hours	.523*	0.058	0.000	0.36	0.69
	12.5-18 hours	.380*	0.063	0.000	0.20	0.56
	24.5-30 hours	-.222*	0.052	0.001	-0.37	-0.07
	30.5 or more hours	-.338*	0.049	0.000	-0.48	-0.20
24.5-30 hours	0-6 hours	.788*	0.027	0.000	0.71	0.86
	6.5-12 hours	.745*	0.036	0.000	0.64	0.85
	12.5-18 hours	.601*	0.044	0.000	0.47	0.73
	18.5-24 hours	.222*	0.052	0.001	0.07	0.37
	30.5 or more hours	-.117*	0.020	0.000	-0.17	-0.06
30.5 or more hours	0-6 hours	.905*	0.021	0.000	0.84	0.96
	6.5-12 hours	.861*	0.032	0.000	0.77	0.95
	12.5-18 hours	.718*	0.041	0.000	0.60	0.84
	18.5-24 hours	.338*	0.049	0.000	0.20	0.48
	24.5-30 hours	.117*	0.020	0.000	0.06	0.17

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report ANOVA Tables

2020 Cohort * USA GPA After Summer 2021 * Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: One-Year Retention

Games-Howell

(I) USA GPA After Summer 2021		Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
					Bound	Bound
2.0 or lower	2.01-2.5	-.510*	0.042	0.000	-0.63	-0.39
	2.51-3.0	-.592*	0.036	0.000	-0.69	-0.49
	3.01-3.5	-.684*	0.029	0.000	-0.76	-0.60
	3.51-4.0	-.718*	0.026	0.000	-0.79	-0.65
2.01-2.5	2.0 or lower	.510*	0.042	0.000	0.39	0.63
	2.51-3.0	-0.082	0.045	0.378	-0.21	0.04
	3.01-3.5	-.174*	0.040	0.000	-0.29	-0.06
	3.51-4.0	-.208*	0.038	0.000	-0.31	-0.10
2.51-3.0	2.0 or lower	.592*	0.036	0.000	0.49	0.69
	2.01-2.5	0.082	0.045	0.378	-0.04	0.21
	3.01-3.5	-.093*	0.034	0.049	-0.18	0.00
	3.51-4.0	-.127*	0.030	0.000	-0.21	-0.04
3.01-3.5	2.0 or lower	.684*	0.029	0.000	0.60	0.76
	2.01-2.5	.174*	0.040	0.000	0.06	0.29
	2.51-3.0	.093*	0.034	0.049	0.00	0.18
	3.51-4.0	-0.034	0.022	0.550	-0.10	0.03
3.51-4.0	2.0 or lower	.718*	0.026	0.000	0.65	0.79
	2.01-2.5	.208*	0.038	0.000	0.10	0.31
	2.51-3.0	.127*	0.030	0.000	0.04	0.21
	3.01-3.5	0.034	0.022	0.550	-0.03	0.10

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report Logistic Regression Tables

2020 Cohort * Input Model Classification Table^a

Observed			Predicted		
			Retention		Percentage Correct
			No	Yes	
Step 1	One-Year Retention	No	66	382	14.7
		Yes	54	1042	95.1
Overall Percentage					71.8

a. The cut value is .500

2020 Cohort * Input Model Final Variables in the Equation

		B	S.E.	Wald	df	Sig.	Exp(B)	95% C.I. for EXP(B)	
								Lower	Upper
Step 1 ^a	Female	.255	.124	4.255	1	.039	1.291	1.013	1.646
	White			4.559	6	.601			
	African-American	.048	.159	0.091	1	.763	1.049	.768	1.434
	Asian	.615	.345	3.181	1	.074	1.849	.941	3.634
	Hispanic	.052	.276	.036	1	.850	1.053	.613	1.810
	Multiracial	.045	.273	0.028	1	.868	1.046	.613	1.786
	Non-Resident Alien	-.680	.638	1.137	1	.286	0.507	.145	1.768
	Other	.022	.253	0.008	1	.929	1.023	.623	1.680
	17 years or younger			0.295	3	.961			
	18 years old	-.092	.305	0.092	1	.762	0.912	.501	1.658
	19 years old	-.134	.365	0.135	1	.713	0.875	.428	1.787
	20 years or older	-.254	.495	0.263	1	.608	0.776	0.294	2.047
	Mobile or Baldwin County			1.862	4	.761			
	Rest of Alabama	.183	.143	1.638	1	.201	1.201	.907	1.591
	Mississippi Service Area	.005	.227	0.001	1	.981	1.005	.644	1.569
	Florida Service Area	.038	.250	0.023	1	.879	1.039	.636	1.695
	Rest of United States	.126	.197	0.408	1	.523	1.134	.771	1.668
	HS GPA 3.0 or lower			38.881	2	.000			
	HS GPA 3.01-3.5	.402	.204	3.879	1	.049	1.495	1.002	2.230
	HS GPA 3.51-4.0	1.063	.196	29.348	1	.000	2.896	1.971	4.255
	19 or lower			17.199	6	.009			
	20-21	.332	.196	2.858	1	.091	1.394	.948	2.049
	22-23	.186	.174	1.136	1	.286	1.204	.856	1.695
	24-25	.351	.214	2.675	1	.102	1.420	.933	2.162
	26-27	.539	.261	4.284	1	.038	1.715	1.029	2.858
	28-29	.647	.293	4.858	1	.028	1.909	1.074	3.393
	30 or higher	1.078	.284	14.448	1	.000	2.939	1.686	5.124
	First Generation			15.895	2	.000			
	Not First Generation	.287	.141	4.143	1	.042	1.333	1.011	1.758
	Unknown Status	.931	.234	15.808	1	.000	2.537	1.603	4.015
	Constant	-.667	.394	2.860	1	.091	0.513		

a. Variable(s) entered on step 1: Gender T-Test, Race, Age, Region, MEDIAN(HS_GPA_Logistic,ALL), MEDIAN(ACTRecoded,ALL), FirstGen_recoded.

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report Logistic Regression Tables

2020 Cohort * Input and Environmental Model Classification Table^a

Observed			Predicted		
			Retention		Percentage Correct
			No	Yes	
Step 1	One-Year Retention	No	150	298	33.5
		Yes	88	1008	92.0
Overall Percentage					75.0

a. The cut value is .500

2020 Cohort * Input and Environmental Model Final Variables in the Equation

		B	S.E.	Wald	df	Sig.	Exp(B)	95% C.I. for EXP(B)	
								Lower	Upper
Step 1 ^a	Female	.083	.147	0.318	1	.573	1.087	.814	1.450
	White			5.600	6	.469			
	African-American	.205	.175	1.370	1	.242	1.228	.871	1.730
	Asian	.661	.364	3.287	1	.070	1.936	.948	3.955
	Hispanic	.254	.295	.744	1	.388	1.290	.723	2.299
	Multiracial	.214	.293	0.533	1	.465	1.239	.697	2.200
	Non-Resident Alien	-.544	.671	0.657	1	.418	0.581	.156	2.162
	Other	.107	.266	0.161	1	.688	1.113	.660	1.876
	17 years or younger			1.425	3	.700			
	18 years old	-.211	.316	0.444	1	.505	0.810	.436	1.505
	19 years old	-.167	.381	0.193	1	.661	0.846	.401	1.786
	20 years or older	.232	.519	0.200	1	.654	1.261	.456	3.486
	Mobile or Baldwin County			4.231	4	.376			
	Rest of Alabama	-.307	.180	2.918	1	.088	0.736	.517	1.046
	Mississippi Service Area	-.319	.253	1.589	1	.208	0.727	.442	1.194
	Florida Service Area	-.343	.279	1.507	1	.220	0.710	.411	1.227
	Rest of United States	-.370	.235	2.484	1	.115	0.691	.436	1.094
	HS GPA 3.0 or lower			26.627	2	.000			
	HS GPA 3.01-3.5	.203	.217	0.879	1	.348	1.225	.801	1.874
	HS GPA 3.51-4.0	.850	.208	16.707	1	.000	2.341	1.557	3.519
	19 or lower			6.058	6	.417			
	20-21	.154	.208	0.547	1	.459	1.167	.775	1.755
	22-23	.057	.187	0.094	1	.759	1.059	.735	1.527
	24-25	.086	.231	.139	1	.710	1.090	.693	1.714
	26-27	.227	.277	0.671	1	.413	1.255	.729	2.161
	28-29	.215	.313	0.474	1	.491	1.240	.672	2.288
	30 or higher	.694	.302	5.263	1	.022	2.002	1.106	3.621
	First Generation			11.435	2	.003			
	Not First Generation	.219	.153	2.058	1	.151	1.245	.923	1.679
	Unknown Status	.887	.263	11.404	1	.001	2.429	1.451	4.064
	Did Not Attend USA Day			3.077	2	.215			
	Attended 1 USA Day	.232	.172	1.826	1	.177	1.261	.901	1.766
	Attended Multiple USA Days	-1.079	1.008	1.147	1	.284	0.340	.047	2.449
August/Other Orientation			51.072	11	.000				
May Orientation	1.220	.602	4.110	1	.043	3.388	1.041	11.0221	
Freshman Session 1	1.553	.384	16.407	1	.000	4.728	2.229	10.0256	
Freshman Session 2	1.140	.366	9.682	1	.002	3.127	1.525	6.41084	

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report Logistic Regression Tables

Freshman Session 3	.928	.362	6.586	1	.010	2.530	1.245	5.14147
Freshman Session 4	.978	.354	7.642	1	.006	2.660	1.329	5.32272
Freshman Session 5	1.336	.361	13.661	1	.000	3.802	1.873	7.721
Freshman Session 6	.571	.352	2.621	1	.105	1.769	.887	3.530
Freshman Session 7	.412	.347	1.410	1	.235	1.509	.765	2.977
Freshman Session 8	.146	.352	0.173	1	.678	1.157	.581	2.305
Freshman Session 9	.389	.380	1.049	1	.306	1.475	.701	3.104
Freshman Session 10	.050	.352	.020	1	.888	1.051	.527	2.094
Arts & Sciences			8.849	6	.182			
Allied Health	-.042	.237	0.031	1	.860	.959	.602	1.527
Business	-.266	.233	1.300	1	.254	.767	.486	1.211
Computer Science	.223	.444	.252	1	.616	1.249	.524	2.981
Education	-.162	.284	0.325	1	.569	.851	.488	1.483
Engineering	.114	.221	0.268	1	.605	1.121	.727	1.729
Nursing	.374	.185	4.088	1	.043	1.453	1.012	2.089
Received Pell Grant	-.053	.150	0.125	1	.723	0.948	.707	1.272
Received Sub. Stafford Loan	-.172	.146	1.379	1	.240	0.842	.633	1.122
Received Test Fee Waiver	-.262	.189	1.916	1	.166	0.769	.531	1.115
On-Campus Housing	.529	.162	10.638	1	.001	1.698	1.235	2.333
Learning Community Participant	.275	.177	2.431	1	.119	1.317	.932	1.862
Took FYE Course	-.517	.227	5.164	1	.023	0.597	.382	0.931
Participated in Greek Life	1.249	.285	19.167	1	.000	3.486	1.993	6.098
Constant	-1.046	.542	3.729	1	.053	0.351		

a. Variable(s) entered on step 1: Number USA Days Attended, Orientation Logistic, College Logistic, Pell Grant, Subsidized Stafford Loan, Received Test Fee Waiver, Housing, Learning Community, Took FYE Course, Greek Life Participation.

2020 Cohort * Midway Through or After Fall 2020 Classification Table^a

			Predicted		
			Retention		Percentage Correct
Observed		No	Yes		
Step 1	One-Year Retention	No	190	258	42.4
		Yes	98	998	91.1
Overall Percentage					76.9

a. The cut value is .500

2020 Cohort * Midway Through or After Fall 2020 Variables in the Equation

	B	S.E.	Wald	df	Sig.	Exp(B)	95% C.I. for EXP(B)	
							Lower	Upper
Step 2 ^b			162.649	4	.000			
4 or More At Risk MT Grades								
3 At Risk MT Grades	.740	.289	6.573	1	.010	2.097	1.191	3.693
2 At Risk MT Grades	1.539	.269	32.686	1	.000	4.658	2.749	7.894
1 At Risk MT Grade	1.953	.259	56.849	1	.000	7.050	4.243	11.713
No At Risk MT Grades	2.695	.248	118.599	1	.000	14.812	9.119	24.059
Not on Probation After Fall 2020	.665	.190	12.305	1	.000	1.944	1.341	2.819
Constant	-1.624	.243	44.577	1	.000	.197		

a. Variable(s) entered on step 1: Number At Risk Midterm Grades in Fall 2020 Logistic, Probation After Fall 2020.

2020 Freshman Cohort Retention Report Logistic Regression Tables

2020 Cohort * USA Hours Earned After Summer 2021 Classification Table^a

Observed			Predicted		
			Retention		Percentage Correct
			No	Yes	
Step 1	One-Year Retention	No	285	138	67.4
		Yes	40	1055	96.3
Overall Percentage					88.3

a. The cut value is .500

2020 Cohort * USA Hours Earned After Summer 2021 Variables in the Equation

	B	S.E.	Wald	df	Sig.	Exp(B)	95% C.I. for EXP(B)	
							Lower	Upper
Step 1 ^a			418.481	5	.000			
	USA Hours Earned 0-6		1.537	1	.215	2.000	.669	5.982
	USA Hours Earned 6.5-12	.693	.475	14.565	1	.000	6.118	2.413 15.508
	USA Hours Earned 12.5-18	1.811	.466	55.205	1	.000	31.795	12.766 79.189
	USA Hours Earned 18.5-24	3.459	.439	110.524	1	.000	101.515	42.899 240.221
	USA Hours Earned 24.5-30	4.620	.455	173.391	1	.000	398.788	163.544 972.410
	USA Hours Earned 30.5 or more	5.988	.418	51.282	1	.000	.050	
	Constant	-2.996						

a. Variable(s) entered on step 1: USA Hours Earned After Summer 2021.

2020 Cohort * USA GPA After Summer 2021 Classification Table^a

Observed			Predicted		
			Retention		Percentage Correct
			No	Yes	
Step 1	One-Year Retention	No	247	176	58.4
		Yes	60	1035	94.5
Overall Percentage					84.5

a. The cut value is .500

2020 Cohort * USA GPA After Summer 2021 Variables in the Equation

	B	S.E.	Wald	df	Sig.	Exp(B)	95% C.I. for EXP(B)	
							Lower	Upper
Step 1 ^a			391.794	4	.000			
	USA GPA 2.0 or lower		104.261	1	.000	9.863	6.356	15.304
	USA GPA 2.01-2.5	2.289	.220	153.307	1	.000	15.214	9.888 23.409
	USA GPA 2.51-3.0	2.722	.229	221.531	1	.000	30.075	19.211 47.082
	USA GPA 3.01-3.5	3.404	.211	320.126	1	.000	43.583	28.823 65.901
	USA GPA 3.51-4.0	3.775	.144	96.661	1	.000	.243	
	Constant	-1.415						

a. Variable(s) entered on step 1: USA GPA After Summer 2021.